



45th International Spring Seminar on Electronics Technology

Pressureless Direct Bonding of Au Metallized Substrate with Si Chips by Micro-Ag Particles

Marcin Myśliwiec^{1,2}, Ryszard Kisiel¹, Krystian Pavlov², Mirosław J. Kruszewski³

¹Institute of Microelectronics and Optoelectronics, Warsaw University of Technology

²Centre for Advanced Materials and Technologies CEZAMAT, Warsaw University of Technology

³Faculty of Materials Science and Engineering, Warsaw University of Technology



45th International Spring Seminar on Electronics Technology,
May 11-15, 2022 Vienna, Austria



PRESENTATION OUTLINE

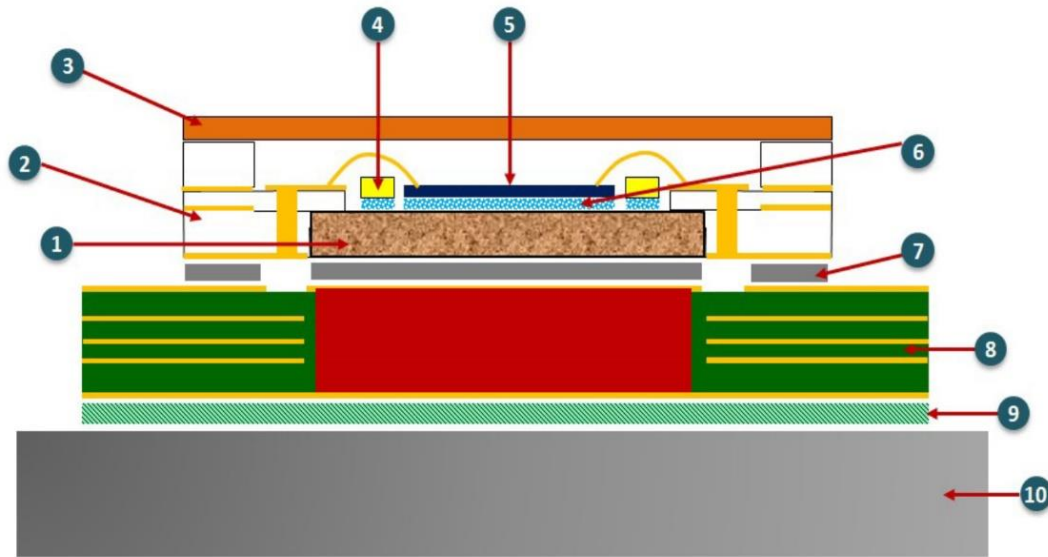
- Introduction
- Investigation methodology
- TIM AT2M –Optimization of sintering procedure
- Investigation of joining mechanisms of TIM AT2M paste
- Thermal measurements of (Au+paste+Si) joints
- Conclusions



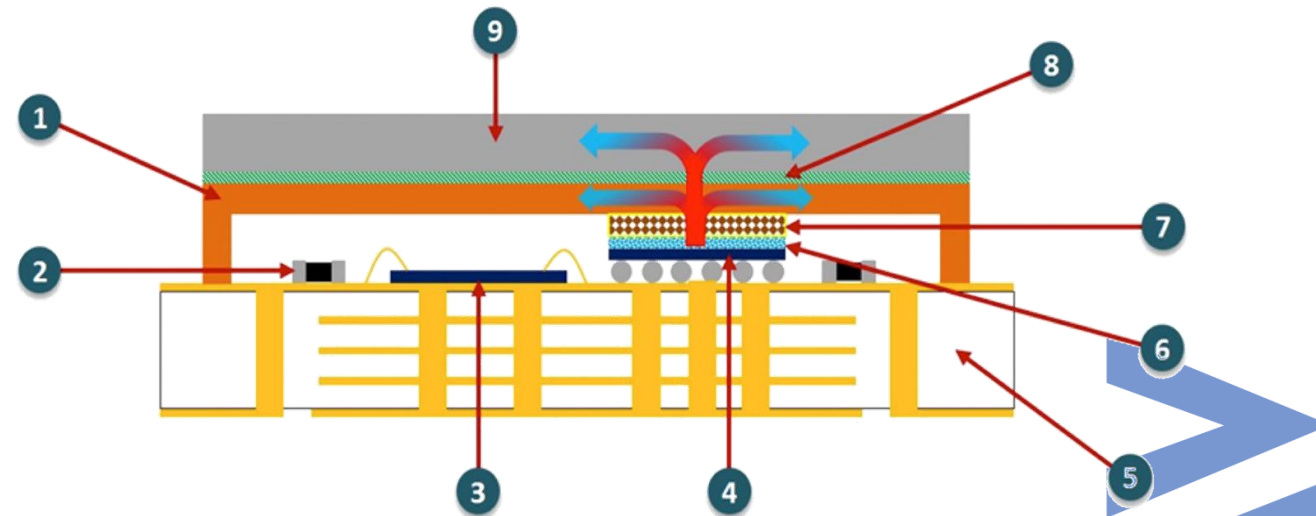
INTRODUCTION: WHAT IS HEATPACK

...DEVELOP THE NEXT GENERATION OF LOW THERMAL RESISTANCE PACKAGE

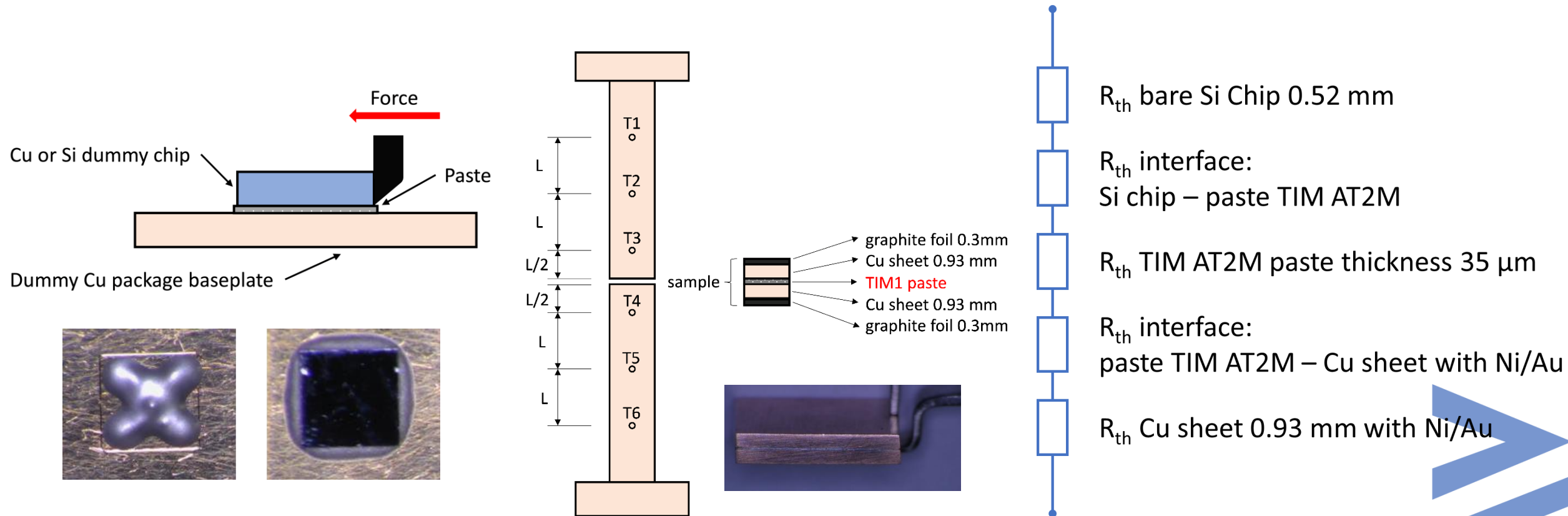
Package concept: RF package



Package concept: LF package



METHODS FOR MECHANICAL AND THERMAL PROPERTIES MEASUREMENTS

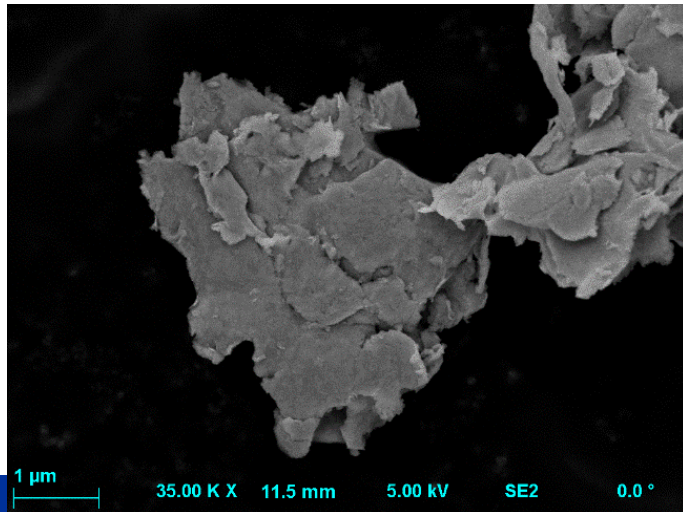
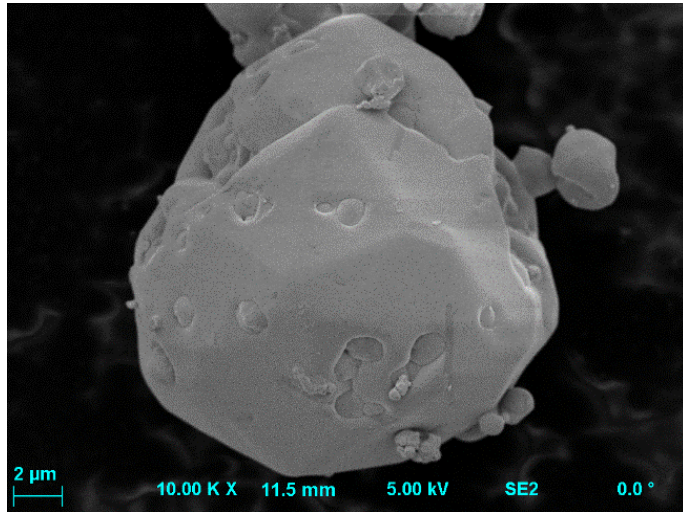


Min adhesion 5 MPa

TIM A2M paste: 92 wgt% (mixture Ag sphere size tens of micrometer + Ag flake micrometer size) + 8 wgt % resin



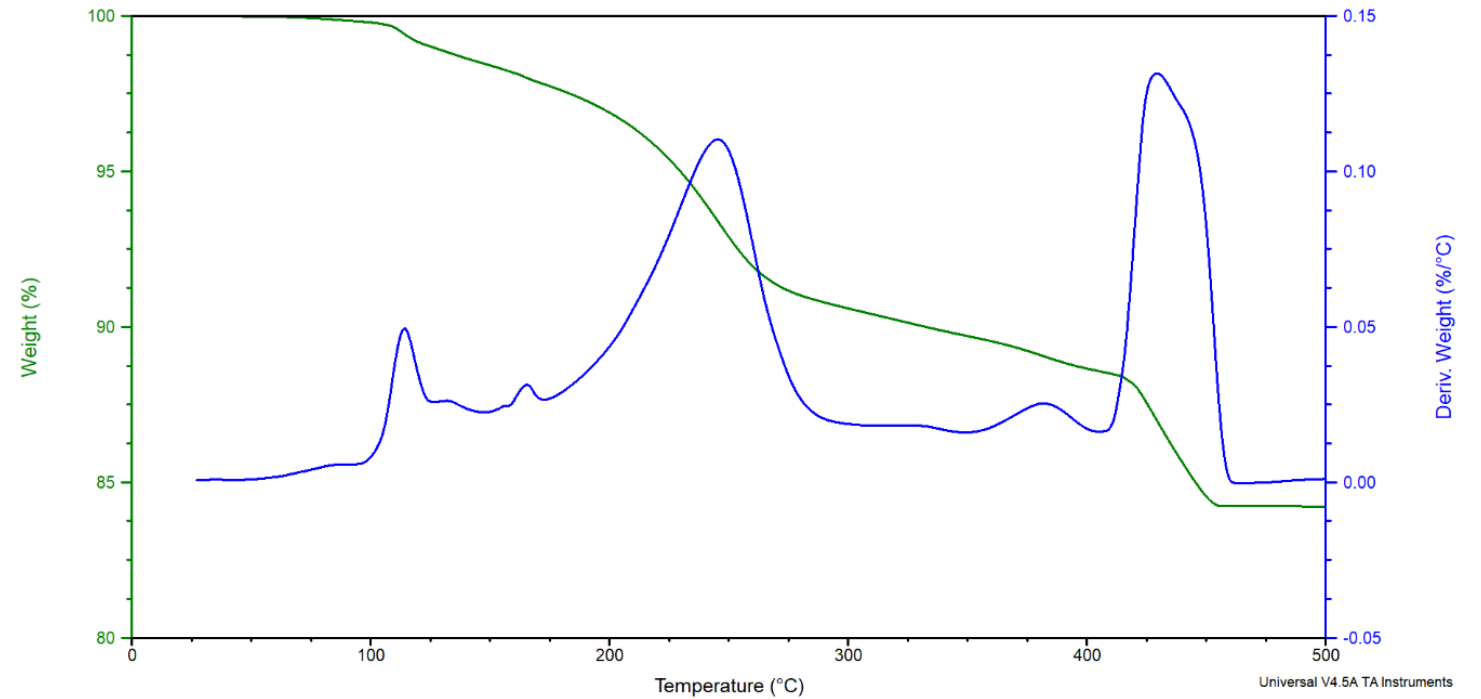
TIM AT2M PASTE



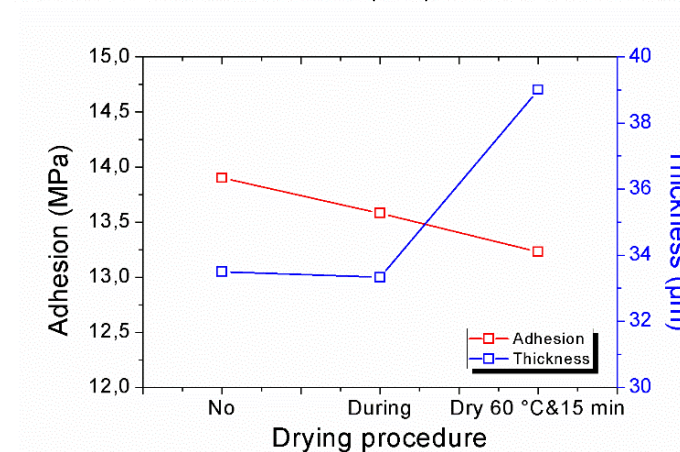
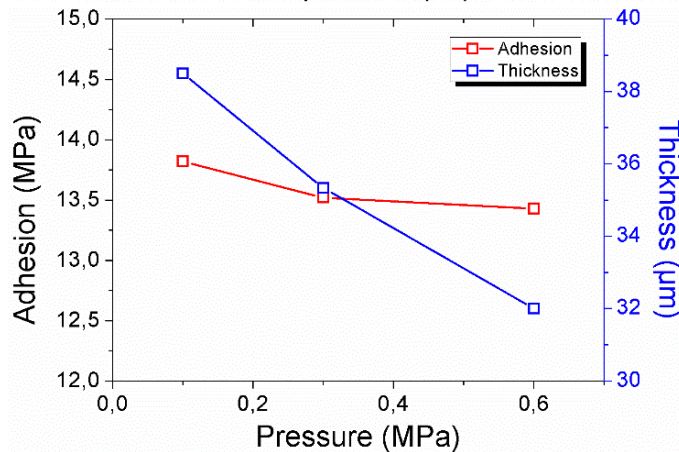
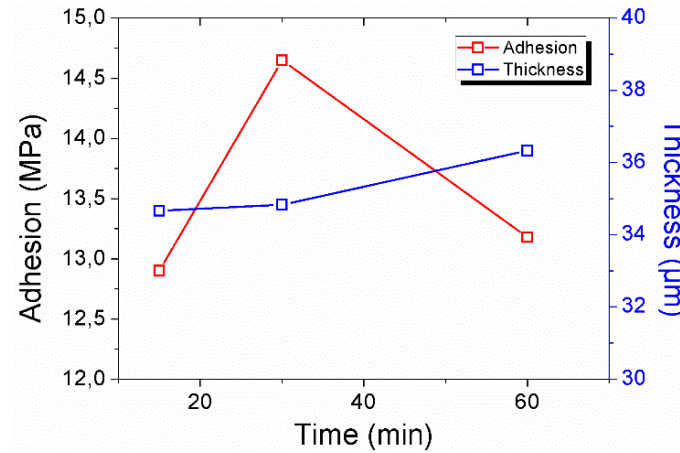
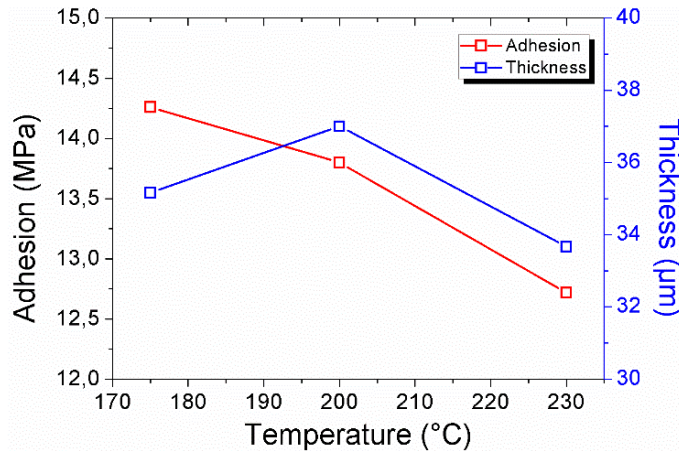
Sample: 62
Size: 93.5160 mg
Method: Ramp

TGA

File: F:\Piotr Śpiewak\tga\62.001
Run Date: 02-Sep-2021 21:58
Instrument: TGA Q5000 V3.15 Build 263



TIM AT2M, OPTIMIZATION SINTERING PROCEDURE

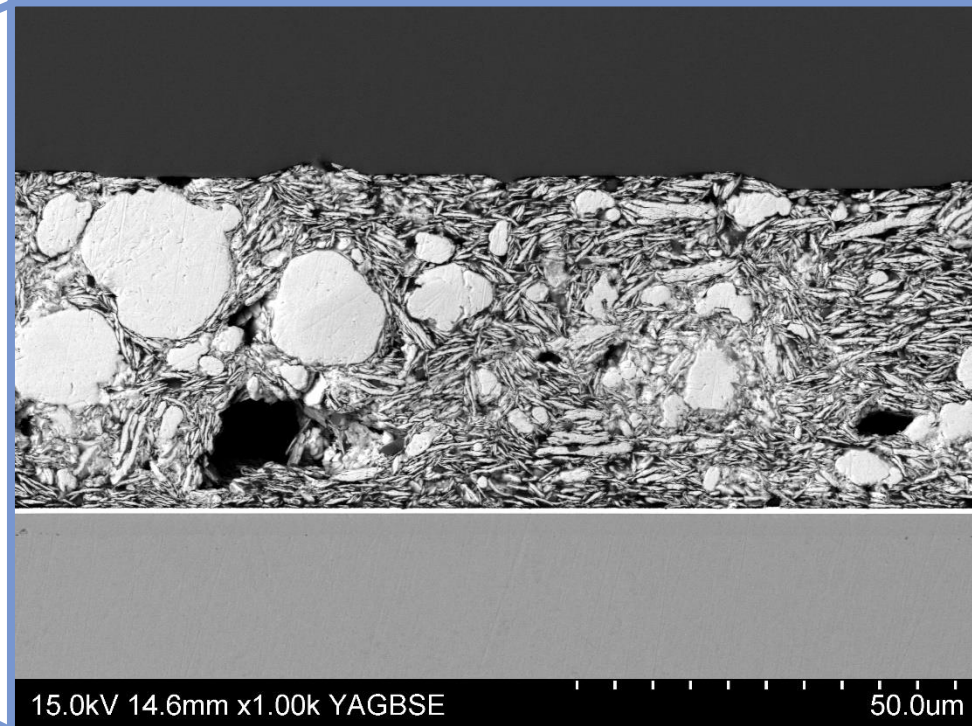
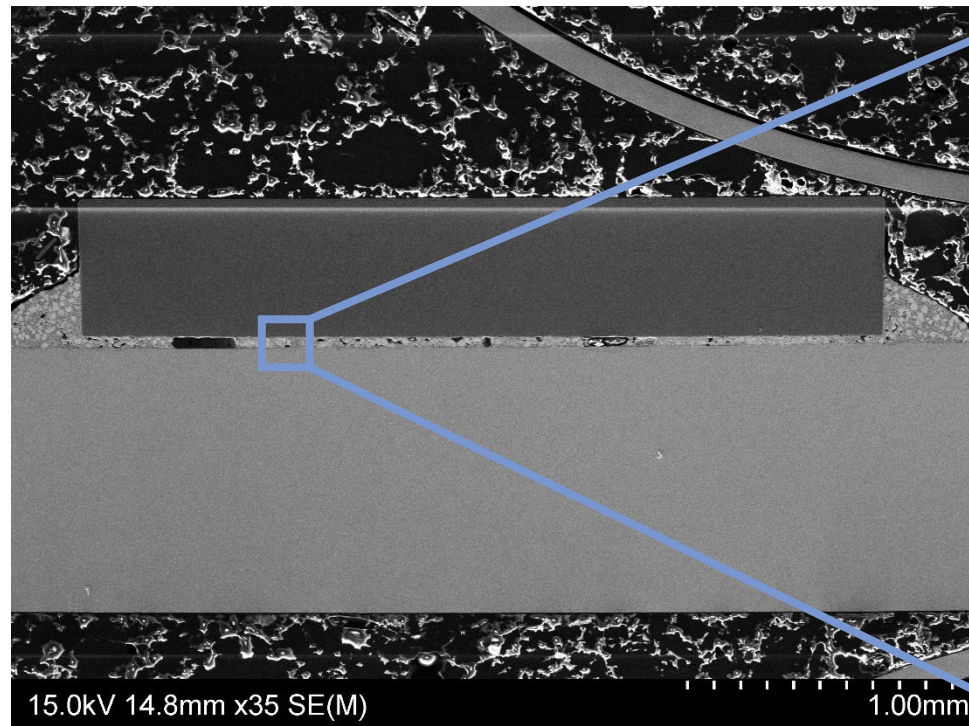


Optimization criteria:

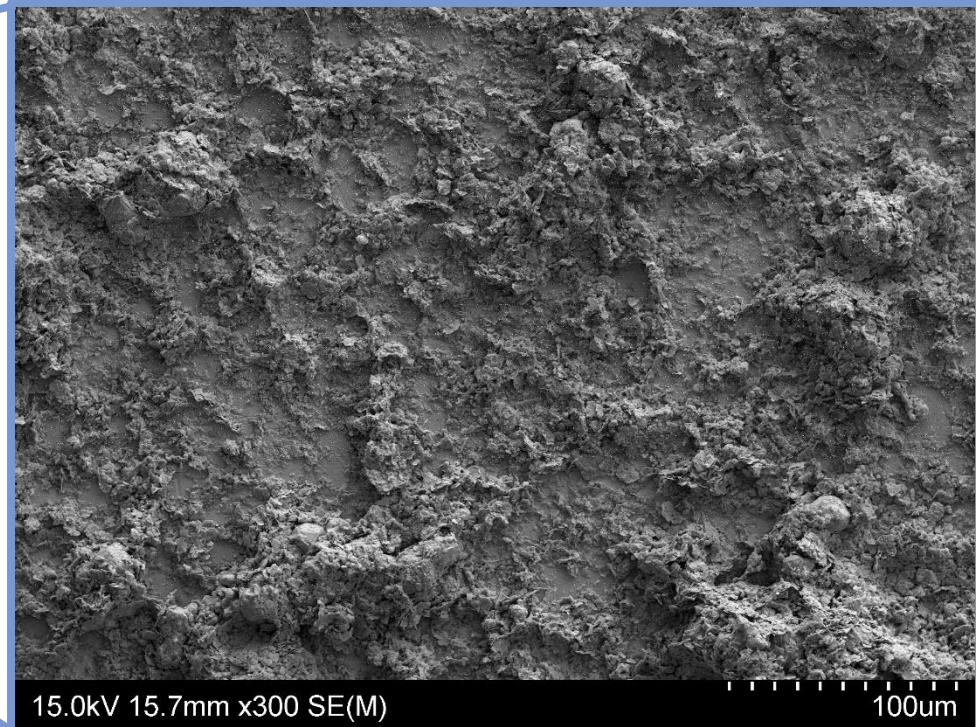
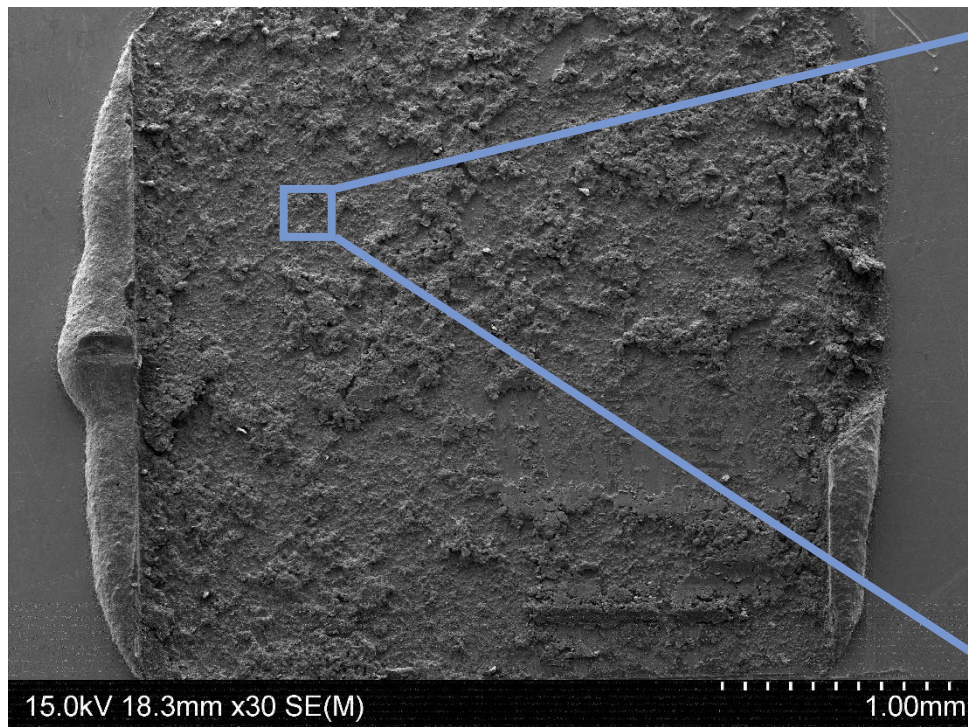
- Adhesion better than 5 MPa
- Thickness in the range from 30 μm up to 60 μm



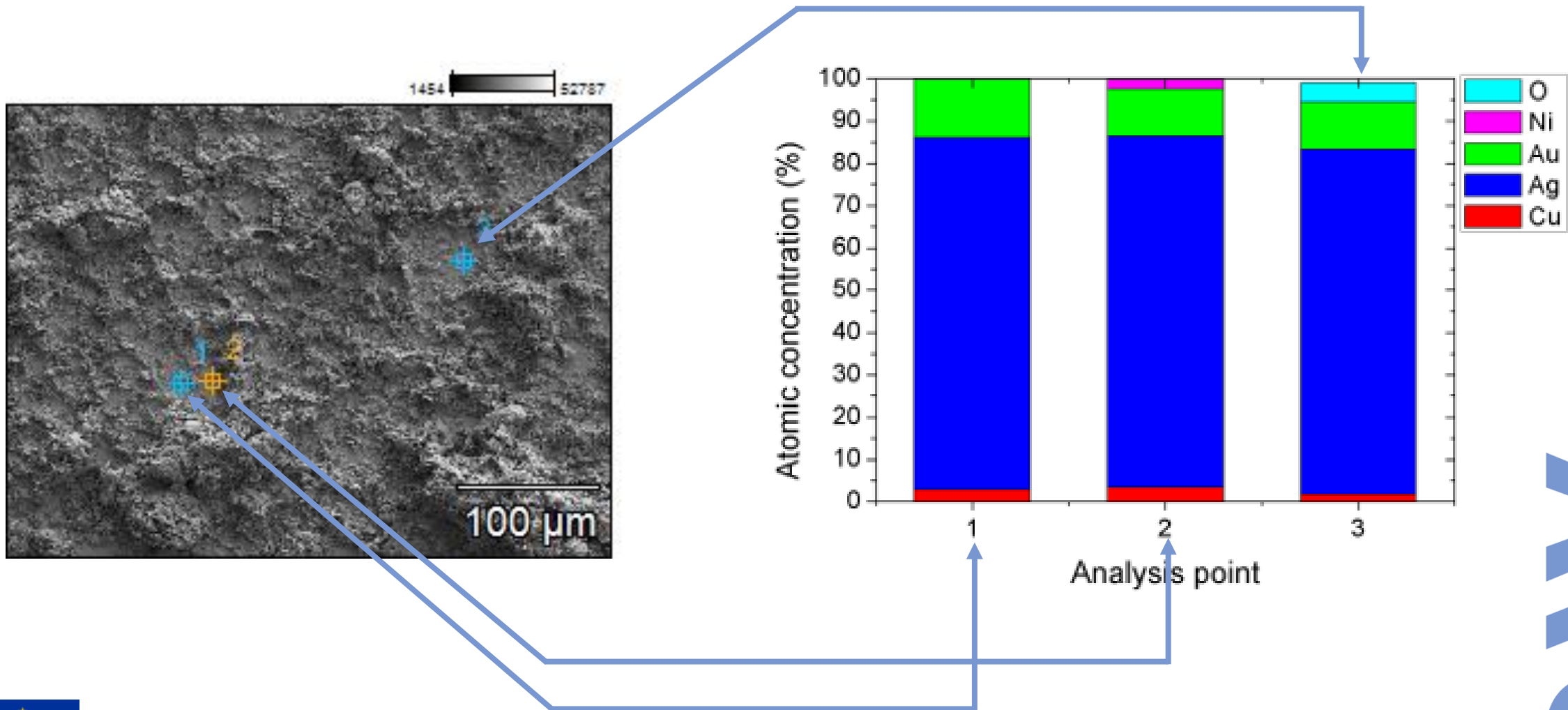
TIM AT2M, BARE SI, JOINT CROSS SECTION



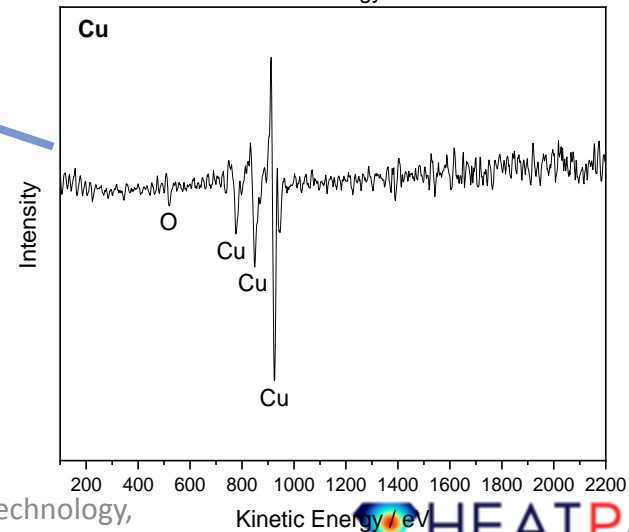
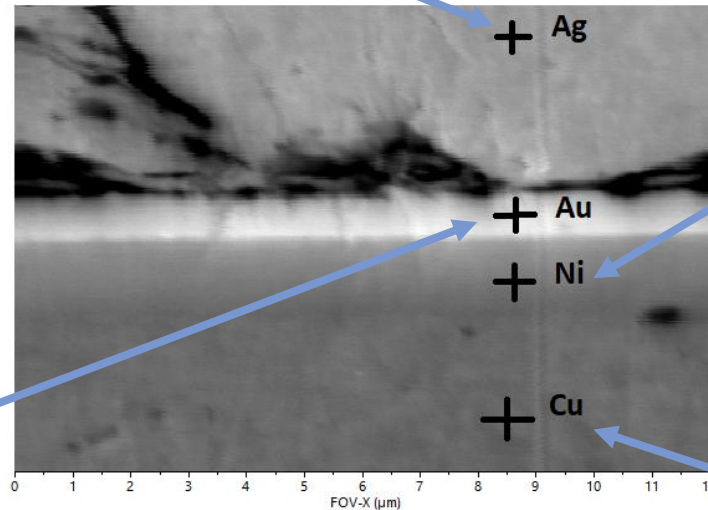
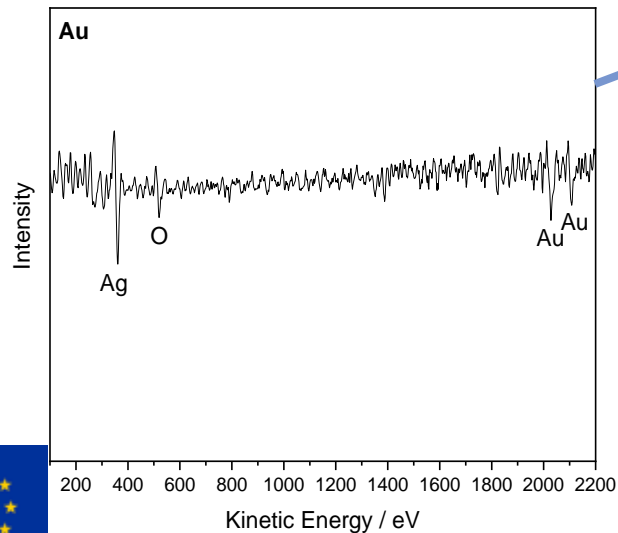
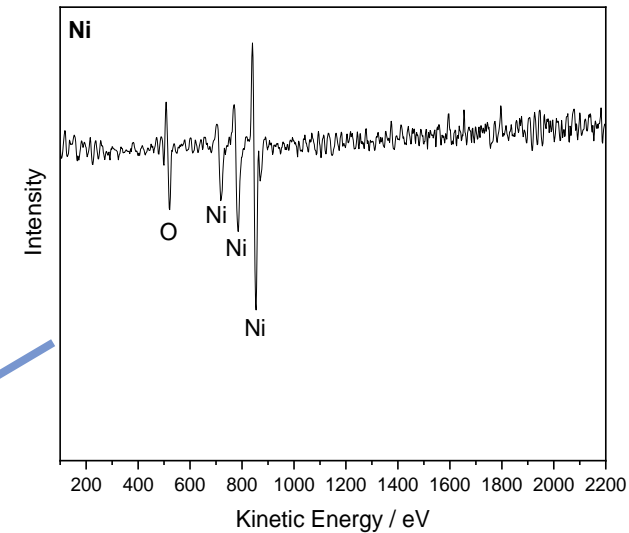
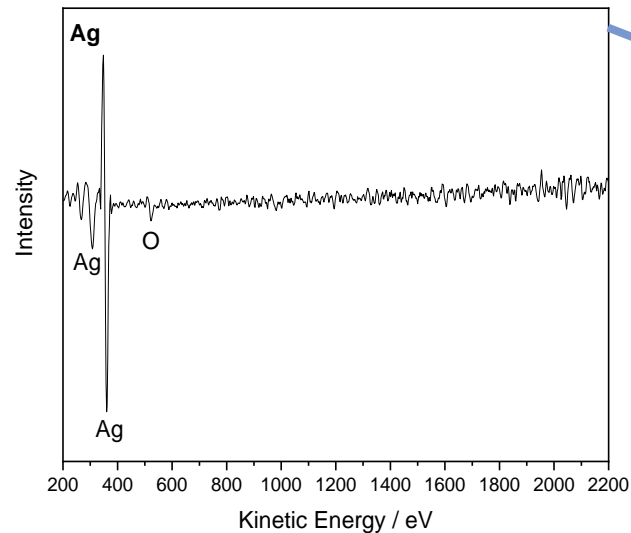
TIM AT2M, SEM IMAGE OF CU SUBSTRATE WITH NIAU METALLIZATION ATER CHIP REMOVAL



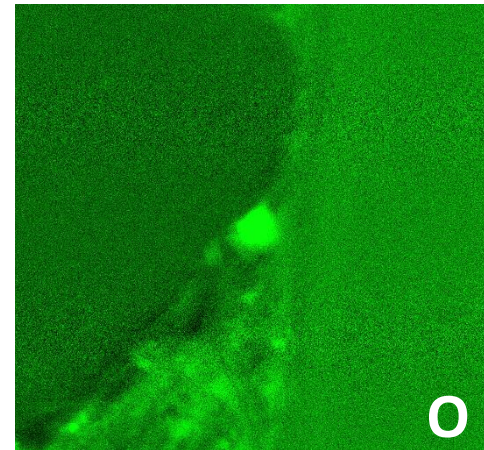
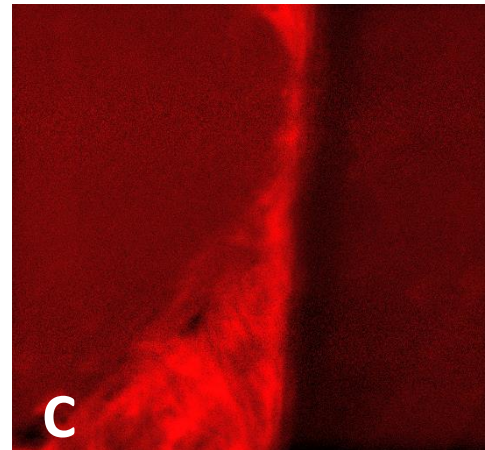
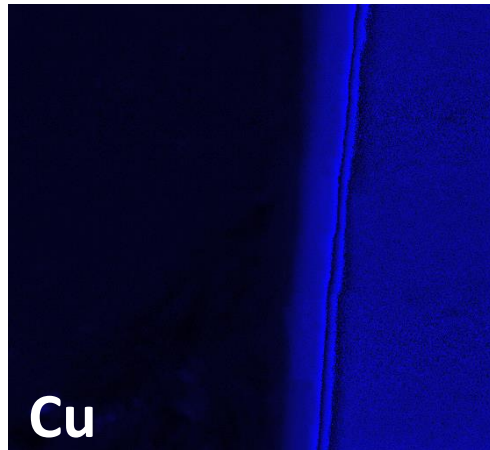
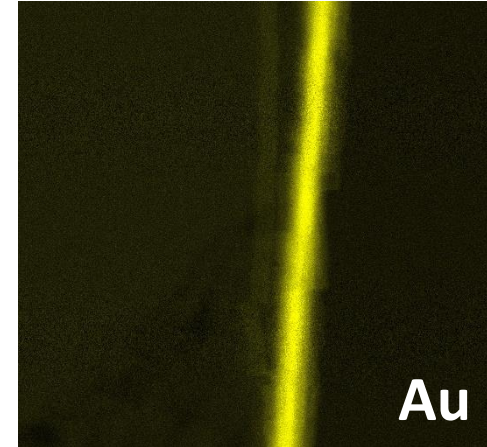
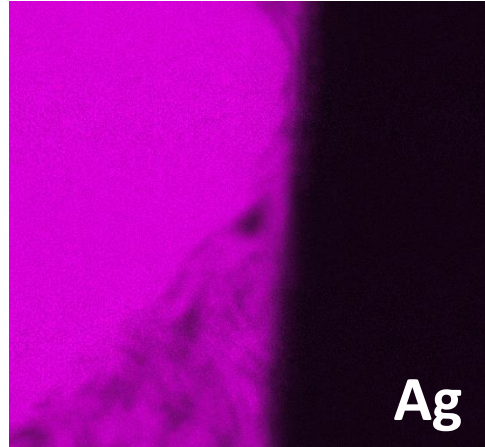
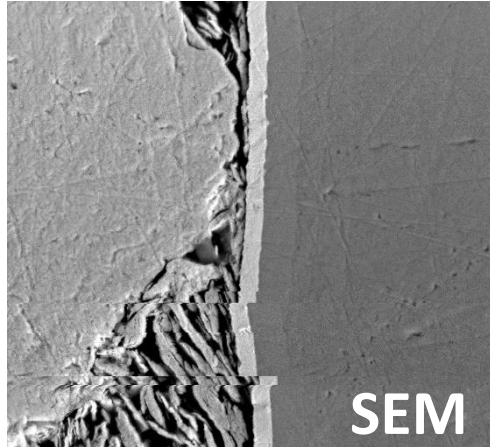
TIM AT2M, EDS ANALYSIS OF INTERFACE AU ON SUBSTRATE - PASTE



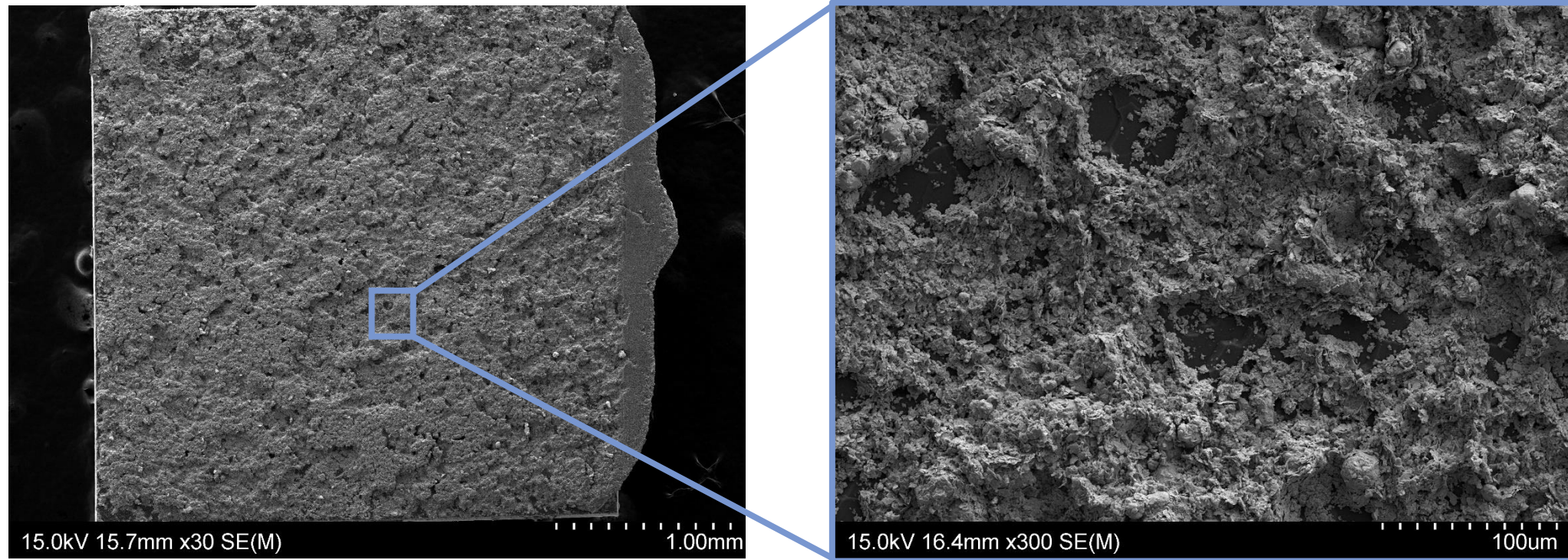
TIM AT2M, AES ANALYSIS OF INTERFACE CU WITH NIAU AND PASTE



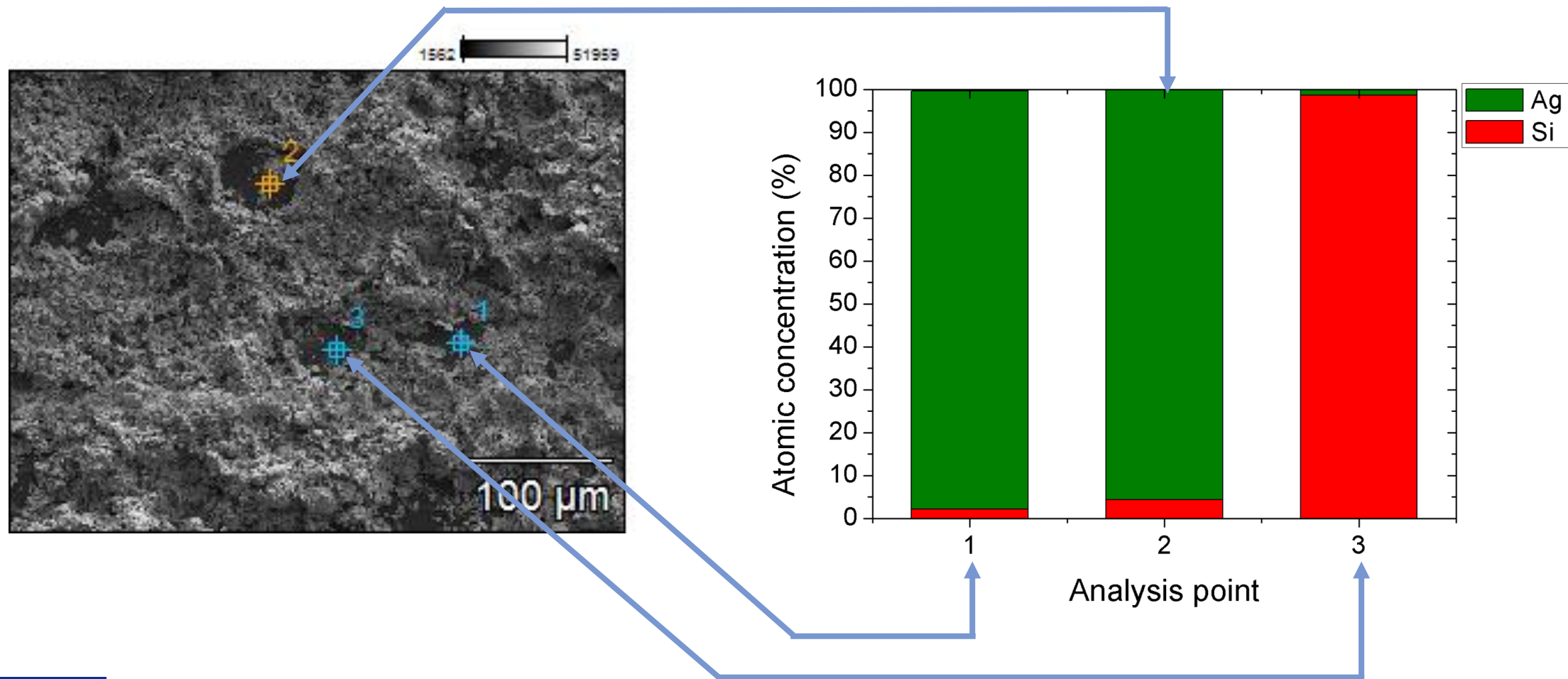
TIM AT2M, AES ANALYSIS OF INTERFACE CU WITH NiAu AND PASTE



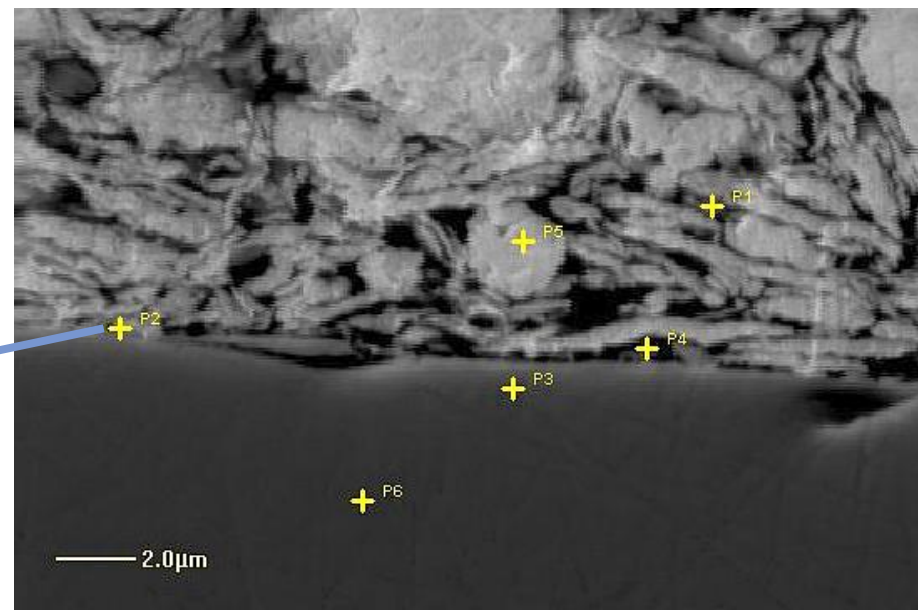
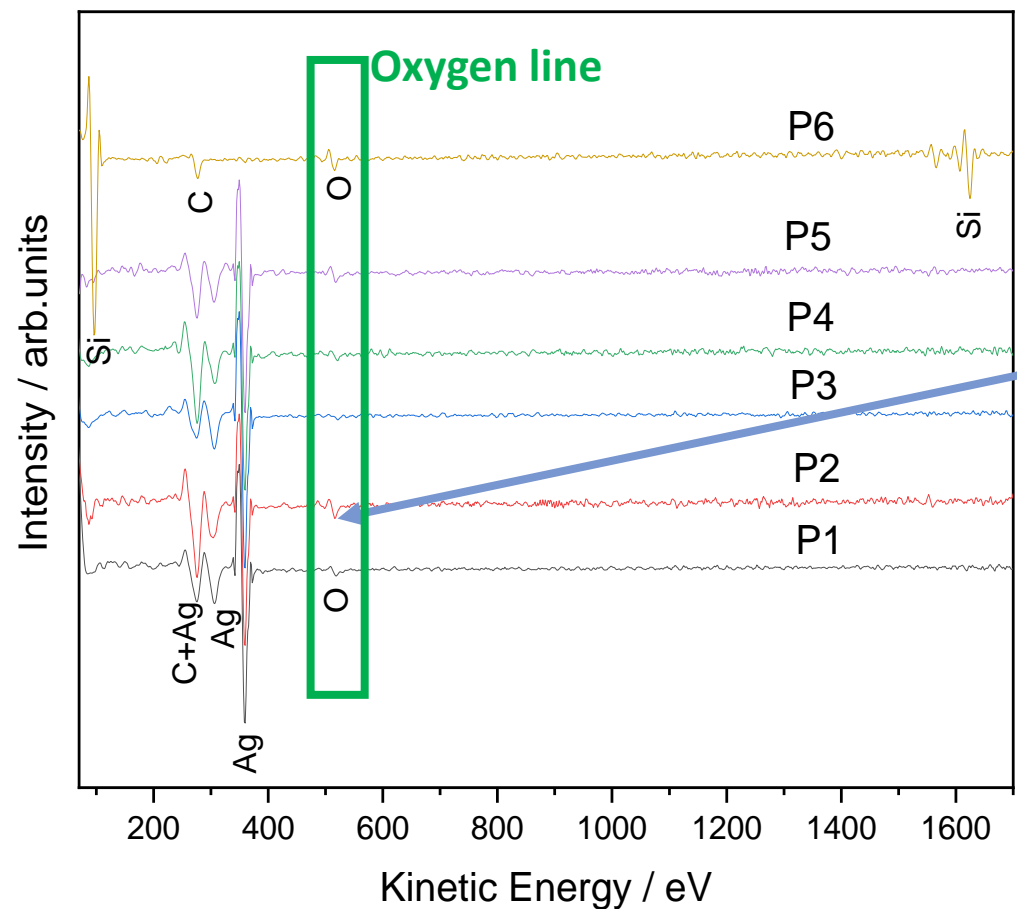
TIM AT2M, BARE SI, JOINT INTERFACE



TIM AT2M, EDS ANALYSIS ON CU SUBSTRATE WITH NIAU METALLIZATION

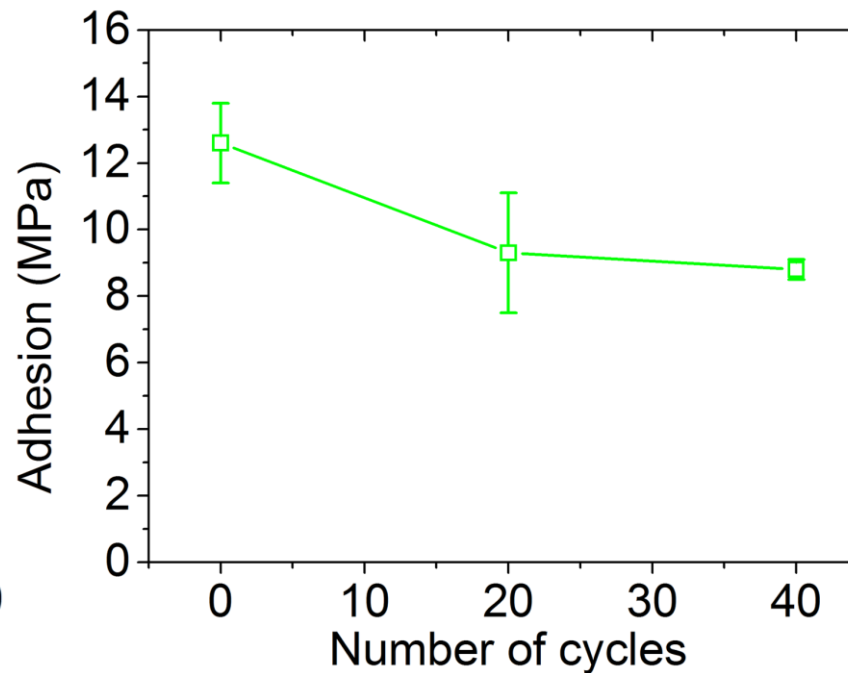
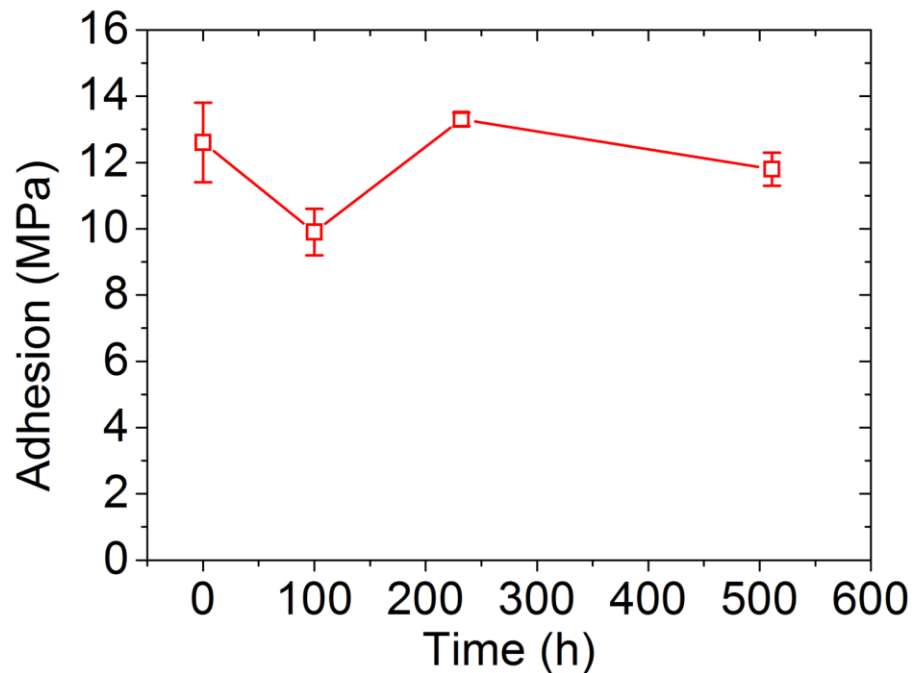


TIM AT2M, AES/XPS ANALYSE OF INTERFACE SI - PASTE



TIM AT2M, JOINT ADHESION AFTER TESTS

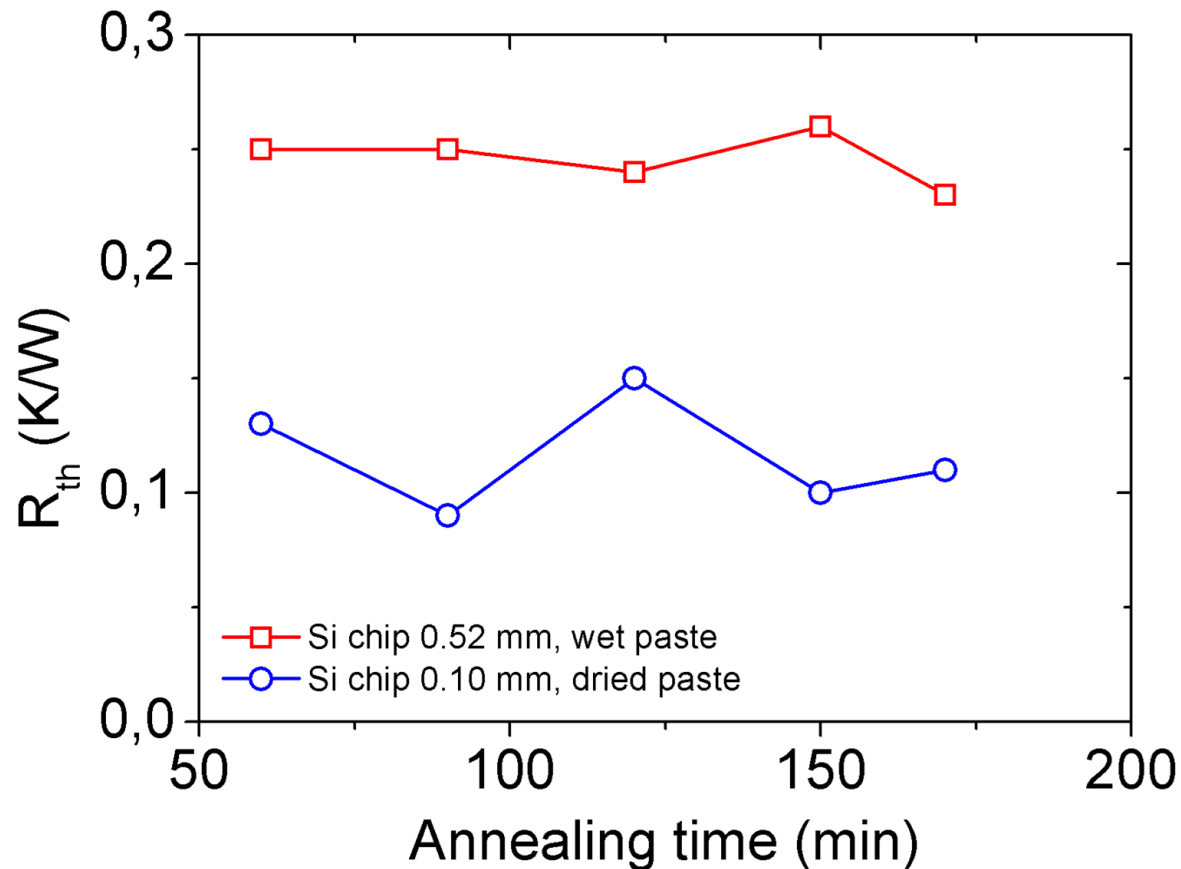
- Long temperature ageing at 125 °C for 500 h (red graph)
- Thermal cycles -25 °C to 100 °C (green graph)



No significant sample degradation observed for temperature and thermal cycles



TIM AT2M, JOINT THERMAL RESISTANCE (JOINT THICKNESS 35 MICROMETER)



Red – 0.52 mm Si chip placed on the wet paste
Blue – 0.10 mm chip placed on the dried paste

For both methods TIM AT2M can be successfully applied as Thermal Interface Material for assembly processes



CONCLUSIONS

- Resin content in the paste is responsible for good mechanical properties of joints created between bare Si and Ag-based TIM AT2M paste, oxygen presence is essential
- Resin content in the paste and small range diffusion between Ag and Au are responsible for good adhesion between Au metallization on substrate and Ag paste
- Thermal resistance of joints created between Au metallized Cu sheet and bare Si by TIM AT2M paste are less than 0.25 K/W, by pre-drying paste before sintering it can be reduced two times



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This project has received funding from the European Union's HORIZON 2020 research and innovation program under grant agreement No 821963.